

TEST REPORT

EN 62471

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report

Reference No. ED180627012L

Compiled by (+ signature).....: Sup Zhu

Approved by (+ signature): Eddie Yang

Date of issue...... August 17, 2018

Contents: 15 pages

Testing laboratory

Name: EMTEK (DONGGUAN) CO., LTD.

Address...... -1&2F., Building 2, Zone A, Zhongda Marine Biotechnology

Research and Development Base, No. 9, Xincheng Avenue, Songshanhu High-technology Industrial Development Zone,

Dongguan, Guangdong, China

Testing location: Same as above

Client

Applicant name...... CLF LIGHTING B.V.

Address...... Handelstraat 25 6851 EH Huissen

Manufacturer name CLF LIGHTING B.V.

Address...... Handelstraat 25 6851 EH Huissen

Factory name CLF LIGHTING B.V.

Address...... Handelstraat 25 6851 EH Huissen

Test specification

X EN 62471:2008

Test procedure: Test Report

Procedure deviation: N/A

Non-standard test method: N/A

Test Report Form...... IEC62471

TRFOriginator: VDE Testing and Certification Institute



Master TRF : Dated 2009-05

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Test item description : CLF Spectrum P2 Vari-white, CLF HERA

Trade Mark ... :



Model and/or type reference.....: N/A

Rating(s) 100-240V~, 50/60Hz

Summary of testing:

After testing, the RG level of this product is risk 2.

Tests performed (name of test and test clause): All clauses.

Testing location:

The basement level and 2nd floor , No.2 Office, Building A in ZhongDa Marine biotechnology research and development base, No.9 New Town Avenue of SongshanLake High and New Technology Industrial Development Zone, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

Summary of compliance with National Differences:

European group deviation.

Copy of marking plate:

CLF HERA Blue light

RISK GROUP 2

Caution Possibly hazardous optical radiation emitted from this product.

Do not stare at operating lamp. May be harmful to the eyes.

White light

Risk group 1

Caution Possibly hazardous optical radiation emitted from this product.

Do not stare at lamp. May be harmful to the eyes.

CLF Spectrum P2 Vari-white



Risk group 1

Caution Possibly hazardous optical radiation emitted from this product.

Do not stare at lamp. May be harmful to the eyes.

Test item particulars	Photobiological safety
Tested lamp:	⊠continuous wave lamps □pulsed lamps
Tested lamp system	N/A
	CLF HERA
	Bluelight: ☐ exempt ☐ risk 1 ☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3
Lamp classification group	White light: ☐ exempt ☐ risk 1 ☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3
	CLF Spectrum P2 Vari-white: ☐ exempt
Lamp cap	N/A
Bulb:	LED
Rated of the lamp	See page 1
Furthermore marking on the lamp	N/A
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard	N/A
Used measurement instrument	EVERFINE OST-300 system
Temperature by measurement	25 °C
Information for safety use	N/A
Possible test case verdicts:	
test case does not apply to the test object	N/A
test object does meet the requirement	P (Pass)
test object does not meet the requirement	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item	July 13, 2018
Date (s) of performance of tests	July 17, 2018
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the objective This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the laboratory. "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report Throughout this report a comma (point) is used as the decin separator. List of test equipment must be kept on file and available for review.	written approval of the Issuing testing appended to the report. ort.



For European group deviation, see attachment.

General product information:This sample has two models, their appearance size is different, the power is different, everything is the same.



		IEC62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result - Remark	Verdict

	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
4.1	General		Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd.m ⁻²		Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30J.m ⁻² within any 8-hour period		Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, ES, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30$ J·m ⁻²		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet raunprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:	adiation incident upon the	Р
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{s}}}$ s		Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000J.m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000s. For exposure times greater than 1000s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, EUVA, shall not exceed 10 W.m ⁻² .		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000s, shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , LB, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^{6} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$ $L_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for $t \le 10^4 \text{ s}$ $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_{\text{B}}}$	N/A
	$L_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t > 10 ⁴ s	Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	•	N/A



	IEC62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test Result - Remark			
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye $E\lambda$, weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:			
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$		N/A	
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1$ $W \cdot m^{-2}$		N/A	
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р	
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L λ , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function R(λ) (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р	
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0.25}}$ W · m ⁻² · sr ⁻¹	(10 µs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	Р	
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual sti	imulus	Р	
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780nm to 1400 nm) radiance, LIR, as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		Р	
	1400 6000	t > 10 s	Р	
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р	
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, EIR, over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		N/A	
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	t ≤ 1000 s	N/A	
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:			
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W · m ⁻²	t > 1000 s	Р	
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin			
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		Р	
	$E_{\text{H}} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25}$ J · m ⁻²		Р	
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS	•	Р	
5.1	Measurement conditions		P	



	IEC62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		Р		
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A		
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A		
5.1.2	Test environment		Р		
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р		
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р		
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р		
5.1.4	Lamp operation		N/A		
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		N/A		
	- the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		N/A		
	- the manufacturer's recommendation		N/A		
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		Р		
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р		
	- the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		N/A		
	- the manufacturer's recommendation		Р		
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р		
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р		
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р		
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р		
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р		
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р		
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р		
5.2.2.1	Standard method		Р		
	The measurements made with an optical system.		Р		
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		Р		
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A		



	IEC62471				
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		N/A		
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р		
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.	CLF HERA Blue light:α=0.0803rad White light:α=0.0291rad CLF Spectrum P2 Vari-white:α=0.0180rad	Р		
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources	Continuous wave lamps	N/A		
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A		
5.3	Analysis methods		Р		
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р		
	To standardize interpolated values, use inear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.		Р		
5.3.2	Calculations		Р		
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р		
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty	Wavelength accuracy:1 nm	Р		
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.		Р		
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		Р		
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	Р		
	- for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm	At 200.0 mm	Р		
	 for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 		N/A		
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р		
6.1.1	Exempt Group		N/A		
	In the exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		N/A		
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor. 		N/A		



	IEC62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test Result - Remark		Verdict
	 a near-UV hazard (EUVA) within 1000 s, (about 16min), nor 		N/A
	- a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor		N/A
	- a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor		N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 1000 s 		N/A
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)	White light, CLF Spectrum P2 Vari-white	Р
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the exempt group but that does not pose:		Р
	an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 10000 s, nor		Р
	- a near ultraviolet hazard (EUVA) within 300 s, nor		Р
	- a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 100 s, nor		P
	- a retinal thermal hazard(LR) within 10 s, nor		Р
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 100 s 		Р
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR) within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		Р
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)	Blue light	Р
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		Р
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 1000 s exposure, nor 		Р
	- a near ultraviolet hazard (EUVA) within 100 s, nor		Р
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		Р
	 a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		Р
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 10 s 		Р
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		Р
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict	
	 a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) 		N/A	
	for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group		N/A	
	– for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission		N/A	

Table 4.1	Spectra	I weighting function for assessin	g ultraviolet hazards for s	skin and eye	
Wavele	ength	UV hazard function	Wavelength	UV hazard	
λ, n		S uv(λ)	λ, nm	S uv	` '
20		0,030	313*	0,00	
20		0.051	315	0.00	
21		0.075	316	0.00	
21		0.095	317	0.00	
22	0	0.120	318	0.00	16
22		0.150	319	0.00	12
23	0	0.190	320	0.00	10
23		0.240	322	0.000	
24	0	0.300	323	0.000)54
24	5	0.360	325	0.000)50
25		0.430	328	0.000	
254	4*	0.500	330	0.000)41
25	5	0.520	333*	0.000)37
26	0	0.650	335	0.000)34
26	5	0.810	340	0.000)28
27	0	1.000	345	0.000)24
27	5	0.960	350	0.000)20
280	0*	0.880	355	0.000	016
28	5	0.770	360	0.000	
29	0	0.640	365*	0.000	011
29		0.540	370	0.000	093
297	7*	0.460	375	0.000	077
30		0.300	380	0.000	064
303	3*	0.120	385	0.000	053
30	5	0.060	390	0.000	044
30		0.026	395	0.000	036
31	0	0.015	400	0.000	030

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

* Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



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Clause	Requirement + Test		Result - Remark	Verdict

Wavelength	Blue-light hazard function	Burn hazard function
nm	Β (λ)	R (λ)
300	0.01	
305	0.01	
310	0.01	
320	0.01	
325	0.01	
330	0.01	
335	0.01	
340	0.01	
345	0.01	
350	0.01	
355	0.01	
360	0.01	
365	0.01	
370	0.01	
375	0.01	
380	0.01	0.1
385	0.013	0.13
390	0.025	0.25
395	0.05	0.5
400	0.10	1.0
405	0.20	2.0
410	0.40	4.0
415	0.80	8.0
420	0.90	9.0
425	0.95	9.5
430	0.98	9.8
435	1.00	10.0
440	1.00	10.0
445	0.97	9.7
450	0.94	9.4
455	0.90	9.0
460	0.80	8.0
465	0.70	7.0
470	0.62	6.2
475	0.55	5.5
480	0.45	4.5
485	0.40	4.0
490	0.22	2.2
495	0.16	1.6
500-600	10 ^[(450-λ)/50]	1.0
600-700	0.001	1.0
700-1050-		10[(450-\)/50]
1050-1150		0.2
1150-1200		-



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Clause	Requirement + Test		Result - Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)									
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength Range nm	Exposure Duration sec	Limiting Aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of stant irradia W•m-2					
Actinic UV skin & ey	$ES = \sum E \lambda \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 - 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t					
Eye UV-A	ΕΠΛΥ = ΣΕΥ • ∇Υ	315 - 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10	İ				
Blue-light small source	$EB = \sum E \lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 - 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1.0					
Eye IR	ΕΙR = ΣΕλ • Δλ	780 -3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ⁰ 100	,75				
Skin thermal	ΕΗ = ΣΕλ • Δλ	380 - 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ⁰	,75				

Table 5.5		Summary of t	he ELs for the re	etina (radiance bas	sed values)		
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength Range nm	Exposure Duration sec	Field of view radians	C ra	n terms of onstant adiance •m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹)
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	$L_B = \sum L_\lambda \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$ 300 - 700 0,25 - 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000		0,011•√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011•√t 0,1		10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 100
Retinal thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 - 1400	< 0,25 0,25 - 10	0,0017 0,011•√(t/10)		00/(α•t ^{0,25}) 00/(α•t ^{0,25})
Retinal Therma (weak visu stimulus	l ual	$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	>10	0.011	(6000/α

Table 6.1	Emission li	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps(Base on IEC62471:2006) N/A									
				Emission Measurement							
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	Exempt		Low risk		d risk		
	opooli di ii			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result		
ActinicUV	S∪∨(λ)	Es	W•m ⁻²	0.001		0.003		0.03			
Near UV		Euva	W•m ⁻²	10		33		100			
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m-2•sr-1	100		1000 0		40000 00			
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ев	W•m ⁻²	1.0*		1.0		400			
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m-2•sr-1	28000/α		2800 0/α	-	71000/ α			
RetinalTh ermal(we akvisualst	R(λ)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/α		6000/ α		6000/α			

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imulus)						
IRradiatio	Ē	W•m⁻²	100	 570	 3200	
n,eye	L IR	V V -1111	100	 370	 3200	

Remark:

^{*} Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. ** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamps systems

Differences according to: EN 62471:2008

Attachment Form No......: EU_GD_IEC62471A

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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)						
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS	EXPOSURE LIMITS						
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB							
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:	Clause 4 replaced by the following:						
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive(2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended table 6.1	Р					
4.1	General		Р					
	First paragraph deleted							

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (Artificial Optical Radiation Directive 2006/25/EC)								
	Action			Emission Measurement(Blue light)					
Risk	spectru	Symbol	mbol Units	Exempt		Low risk		Мо	od risk
	111			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	SUV(λ)	Es	W•m-2	0,001		0,003			6.1e-006
Near UV		Euva	W•m-2	0,33		33			9.6e-003
Blue light	Β(λ)	LB	W•m-2• sr-1	100		10000			3.24e+00 4
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	EB	W•m-2	0,01*	1	1,0	1		
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	LR	W•m-2• sr-1	28000/α		28000/ α	-1		3.2e+005
Retinalther mal,	P(I)	LIR	W•m-2•	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011	1				
weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	(A) LIK	sr-1	6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1			3.1e+000		
IRradiation, eye		EIR	W•m-2	100		570		3200	1.7e-003

Remark

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^{*} Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.

^{**} Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (Artificial Optical Radiation Directive 2006/25/EC)									
	Action			Emission Measurement(White light)						
Risk	Action spectru	Symbol	Units	Exempt		L	ow risk	Mod risk		
	m			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result	
Actinic UV	SUV(λ)	Es	W•m-2	0,001		0,003	3.5e-006			
Near UV		Euva	W•m-2	0,33		33	7.3e-002			
Blue light	Β(λ)	LB	W•m-2• sr-1	100		10000	1.63e+003			
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	EB	W•m-2	0,01*		1,0				
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	LR	W•m-2• sr-1	28000/α		28000 /α	1.8e+004			
Retinalther mal,	P(\lambda)	R(λ) LIR $ W^{\bullet}m-2^{\bullet} = 0.0017 \le α = 0.0017 \le α \le 0.0011 = 0.000/α = 0.0011 \le α \le 0.0011 = 0.00000 = 0.000000 = 0.0000000000$								
weak visual stimulus**	Γ(Λ)						5.6e+000			
IRradiation, eye		EIR	W•m-2	100		570	3.0e-003	3200		

Remark:

Table 6.1		limits for ris 2006/25/EC		f continuous w	ave lamps	s (Artificia	l Optical Radia	ation	Р
	Action			Emission	Measure	ment(CLF	Spectrum P	2 Vari-w	hite)
Risk	spectru	Symbol	Units	Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
	111			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	SUV(λ)	Es	W•m-2	0,001		0,003	7.1e-007		
Near UV		Euva	W•m-2	0,33		33	1.1e-003		
Blue light	Β(λ)	LB	W•m-2• sr-1	100		10000	2.05e+003		
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	EB	W•m-2	0,01*		1,0			
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	LR	W•m-2• sr-1	28000/α		28000 /α	2.5e+004		
Retinalther mal,	P(I)	LIR	W•m-2•	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011			 1.5e+001		
weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	LIK	sr-1	6000/α 0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1					
IRradiation, eye		EIR	W•m-2	100		570	5.2e-003	3200	

^{*} Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. ** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



Remark:

- * Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. ** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

Picture

CLF HERA



Fig 1 - Front overview



Fig 2 - LED view



CLF Spectrum P2 Vari-white



Fig 1 - Front overview

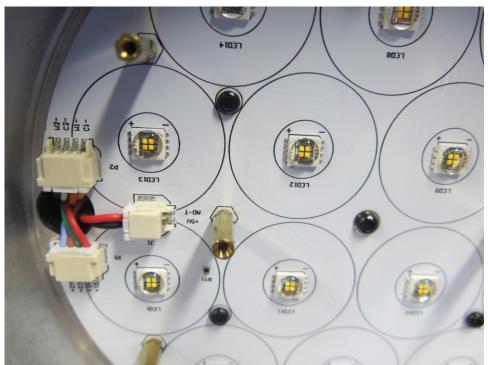


Fig 2 - LED view